

## Hushmail HIPAA and security checklist



01

Security management policies and procedures



1.1 Hushmail has policies and procedures that meet all applicable HIPAA requirements.



1.2 Hushmail has policies and procedures that clearly define how to prevent, detect, contain, and correct security matters.



1.3 Hushmail has policies and procedures in place to ensure that electronic Protected Health Information (ePHI) only resides on machines identified for that purpose.



1.4 Hushmail regularly inventories all hardware and software that reside on all organization machines.



1.5 Hushmail has a formal process in place to address system misuse and abuse, as well as fraudulent activity by employees within Hushmail.



1.6 Hushmail regularly reviews records to ensure that hardware and systems have not been tampered with and that the records contained within these hardware and systems have not been compromised.



1.7 Hushmail has assigned an employee the responsibility of maintaining policies and procedures.



1.8 Hushmail reviews applicable documentation periodically to ensure that it's up to date with respect to changes to standards, as well as changes within Hushmail.



1.9 Hushmail documents changes to its policies and procedures and retains all documentation for a minimum of six years.



1.10 Hushmail policies and procedures are accessible by employees on an as needed basis.



02 Security responsibility

- 2.1 Hushmail maintains complete job descriptions that accurately reflect assigned security duties and responsibilities.
  - 2.2 Hushmail has an employee dedicated to the security of ePHI.

Workforce security

- 3.1 Hushmail has policies and procedures in place so that nonauthorized employees cannot gain access to ePHI.
- 3.2 Only Hushmail employees who need access to ePHI as part of their role are given access, and Hushmail regularly reviews and documents the employees who have access to ePHI.
- 3.3 Background checks are completed for new employees.
- 3.4 Hushmail has procedures in place to revoke ePHI access privileges from employees who are terminated or no longer need such access.

04 Information access management

- 4.1 Hushmail has policies and procedures in place that clearly define how access is granted to employees.
- 4.2 Employees within Hushmail have unique logins such that each login is connected to only one employee.
- 4.3 Hushmail maintains documented job descriptions that accurately reflect assigned duties and responsibilities and enforce segregation of duties.
- 4.4 Hushmail has policies and procedures in place, including usernames and passwords, to secure access controls.
- 4.5 Authorized employees can gain access to systems in the event of an emergency.
- 4.6 Hushmail has systems and procedures in place that send alerts if access authorizations have been inappropriately altered.
- 4.7 Hushmail encrypts the disks that contain ePHI ensuring that, if they were stolen, the data would be unreadable.



Security awareness and training

5.1 Hushmail regularly trains employees on the rules and procedures for working with ePHI.

5.2 Hushmail sends out periodic reminders to employees regarding security procedures.

5.3 Hushmail employees must annually read and attest to their having read Hushmail's policies and procedures.

5.4 Hushmail requires computers to have anti-virus or other protection software installed.

5.5 Hushmail has systems in place to report when excessive system login failures occur.

5.6 Hushmail systems lock accounts when excessive failed login attempts have occurred.

5.7 Hushmail requires strong passwords.

5.8 Hushmail employees are required to regularly change their passwords.

5.9 Hushmail has two-factor authentication in place for employee system access.

Security incidents

6.1 Hushmail documents and tracks known security incidents.

6.2 Hushmail informs its customers of security incidents when they directly affect their ePHI.

O7 Contingency plan

7.1 Hushmail backs up its ePHI data in a manner that is not easily readable onto servers and encrypted disks.

7.2 Hushmail has procedures in place to restore ePHI should any data be lost.

7.3 Hushmail periodically tests emergency operation modes to ensure they work.



Business associate and other agreements

8.1 Hushmail allows certain outside business associates access to its ePHI.

8.2 Hushmail creates written agreements with these parties to ensure they abide by the policies and procedures implemented within Hushmail and detail how they must handle ePHI.

8.3 Hushmail periodically reviews the practices of these external parties to ensure they are appropriately handling ePHI.

8.4 These parties know, and the agreements require, that they must report security incidents back to Hushmail should they occur.

8.5 Hushmail is able to terminate these agreements if they violate the terms of the contract.

**6** Facility access

9.1 Machines that house ePHI are stored in a facility that has physical access controls, such as electronic key locks.

9.2 These facilities can be accessed by authorized employees during an emergency.

9.3 Hushmail employees and/or partners are validated for authorization prior to entering these facilities.

Workstation use and security

10.1 Hushmail is aware of all machines that have access to ePHI.

10.2 Hushmail has security measures in place to ensure non-authorized workstations cannot gain access to ePHI.

10.3 Hushmail ensures that all machines that have access to ePHI are not accessible by unauthorized individuals.

Device and media controls

11.1 Hushmail properly disposes of hardware that contains ePHI.

11.2 Hushmail ensures that all ePHI has been removed from a device prior to reusing that device.

11.3 Hushmail keeps records of the devices that once contained ePHI but are repurposed for other uses or disposed of.

11.4 Hushmail ensures backup of a device prior to deleting ePHI from it.

**12** Audit controls

12.1 The systems that contain ePHI log all audit events, including who performed those events.